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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/653,408	08/31/2000	Jean-Charles Mercier	Q60439 5345		
	590 08/08/2002 n Zinn MacPeak & Sea	EXAMINER			
2100 Pennsylva	ania Avenue NW C 20037-3213	GONZALEZ, JULIO C			
.,			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2834		
		DATE MAILED: 08/08/2002			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				(Amaliaantia)				
Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)				
		09/653,408		MERCIER ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Julio C. Gonzale		2834				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address								
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM								
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status								
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 May 2002</u> .								
•								
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for f	ormal matters, p	rosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims								
•	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
6)⊠ (6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requir	ement.					
Application								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) All b) Some * c) None of:								
ļ	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	4) [5) [) 6) [Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) al Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, a rigid fairing of the pod constitutes the body of the generator. From figure 1, it would seem like if the fairing 7 and the pod 1 were the same element. Are they? Also, it would seem like if the fairing 7 were the outside part (e.g. cover) of the stator 3. Moreover, it would seem like if the stator 3 (part of the body of the generator) were a different element from fairing 7.

In order to advance prosecution in the merits, the Prior Art will be applied as best understood by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 1, 3 and 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable under Carter, Jr. et al in view of Mukai.

Carter, Jr. et al discloses a wind-power generator pod 18 constituted by a rigid fairing (see figures 1 and 2) in which a generator 34 is disposed coupled to a propeller 14, wherein the rigid fairing of the pod is formed by the body of the generator in which a stator and rotor are mounted. Also, the generator 34 is coupled to a gearbox 36.

However, Carter does not disclose having part of the stator contacting a fairing.

On the other hand, Mukai discloses for the purpose of effectively cooling down a stator coil, a stator core 31 contacting the fairing of a generator (see figure 1).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to design a wind generator as disclosed by Carter and to modify the invention by having the stator contact a wall of the fairing for the purpose of effectively cooling down a stator coil as disclose by Mukai.

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5. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carter, Jr. and Mukai as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Hirose.

The combined wind generator discloses all of the elements above. However, the combined wind generator does not disclose a lateral opening on the stator.

On the other hand, Hirose discloses for the purpose of cooling efficiently a generator that the generator disposes lateral openings right through the stator (see abstract and claim 1).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to design the combined wind generator as disclosed above and to make lateral opening in the stator for the purpose of cooling efficiently a generator as disclosed by Hirose.

6. Claim 2 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carter, Jr. and Mukai as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Benoit.

The combined wind generator discloses all of the elements above. However, the combined wind generator does not disclose a tubular sleeve around the pod.

On the other hand Benoit discloses for the purpose of taking advantage of high wind speeds thus improving efficiency of the wind power generator that the pod 58 is surrounded by a tubular sleeve forming an annular air passage along the pod (see figures 2 and 3).

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to design the combined wind generator as disclosed above and to make a tubular sleeve surround the pod for the purpose of taking advantage of high wind speeds thus improving efficiency of the wind power generator as disclosed by Benoit.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-7 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Julio C. Gonzalez whose telephone number is (703) 305-1563. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8AM-5PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor Ramirez can be reached on (703) 308-1371. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular communications and (703) 305-1341 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

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Jcg

August 5, 2002